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**Key:** IEEE JNL = IEEE Journal or Magazine, IEE JNL = IEE Journal or Magazine, IEEE CNF = IEEE Conference, IIE CNF = IEE Conference, IEEE STD = IEEE Standard

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Guangjun Liu; Dejun Wang; Yuangchun Li;  
Aerospace and Electronic Systems, IEEE Transactions on  
Volume 40, Issue 3, July 2004 Page(s):1110 - 1117  
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2. **Web applications and dynamic reconfiguration in UNIX servers**  
Jann, J.; Pattnaik, P.; Dubey, N.; Burugula, R.S.;  
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6-8 March 2003 Page(s):186 - 194  
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3. **Dynamic voltage and cache reconfiguration for low power**  
Nacul, A.C.; Givargis, T.;  
Design, Automation and Test in Europe Conference and Exhibition, 2004. Proceedings  
Volume 2, 16-20 Feb. 2004 Page(s):1376 - 1377 Vol.2  
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4. **Operating systems for reconfigurable embedded platforms: online scheduling of real-time tasks**  
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Kai Yu; Koren, I.;  
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12-14 June 1994 Page(s):161 - 168  
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6. **Dynamic data reconfiguration for SPMD programs in faulty multicomputers**  
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Fault-Tolerant Parallel and Distributed Systems, 1994., Proceedings of IEEE Workshop on  
12-14 June 1994 Page(s):151 - 160  
**IEEE CNF**
7. **Neptune: a dynamic resource allocation and planning system for a cluster computing utility**  
Pazel, D.P.; Eilam, T.; Fong, L.L.; Kalantar, M.; Appleby, K.; Goldszmidt, G.;  
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21-24 May 2002 Page(s):48 - 55  
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Relevance scale ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐**1 Dynamic partitioning in a transputer environment**

K. Dussa, B. Carlson, L. Dowdy, K.-H. Park

 April 1990 **ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review , Proceedings of the 1990 ACM SIGMETRICS conference on Measurement and modeling of computer systems**, Volume 18 Issue 1
Full text available: [pdf\(1.37 MB\)](#)
 Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Parallel programs are characterized by their speedup behavior. As more processors are allocated to a particular parallel program, the program (potentially) executes faster. However, there is often a point of diminishing returns, beyond which extra allocated processors cannot be used effectively. Extra processors would be better utilized by allocating them to another program. Thus, given a set of processors in a multiprocessor system, and a set of parallel programs, a partitioning problem na ...

**2 Manageability, availability, and performance in porcupine: a highly scalable, cluster-based mail service**

Yasushi Saito, Brian N. Bershad, Henry M. Levy

 August 2000 **ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS)**, Volume 18 Issue 3
Full text available: [pdf\(2.52 MB\)](#)
 Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

This paper describes the motivation, design and performance of Porcupine, a scalable mail server. The goal of Porcupine is to provide a highly available and scalable electronic mail service using a large cluster of commodity PCs. We designed Porcupine to be easy to manage by emphasizing dynamic load balancing, automatic configuration, and graceful degradation in the presence of failures. Key to the system's manageability, availability, and performance is that sessions, data, and underlying ...

**Keywords:** cluster, distributed systems, email, group membership protocol, load balancing, replication

**3 Interconnect prediction: Prediction model for evaluation of reconfigurable interconnects in distributed shared-memory systems**

W. Heirman, J. Dambre, C. Debaes, H. Thienpont, D. Stroobandt, J. Van Campenhout

 April 2005 **Proceedings of the 2005 international workshop on System level interconnect prediction**
Full text available: [pdf\(165.88 KB\)](#)
 Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)


Reconfigurable interconnection networks for distributed shared memory machines exploit properties of the workload dynamics that are not easily captured by statistical traffic models. Therefore, when designing such a network, one should make trade-offs based on full-system simulation for all viable workloads. It is however very time-consuming to do such simulations. In this paper, we present a technique that can predict the performance of a machine for different network parameters, based on the r ...

**Keywords:** distributed shared-memory, interconnection network, prediction model, reconfiguration

#### 4 Performance evaluation and run time support: Specific scheduling support to minimize the reconfiguration overhead of dynamically reconfigurable hardware

Javier Resano, Daniel Mozos

June 2004 **Proceedings of the 41st annual conference on Design automation - Volume 00**

Full text available:  [pdf\(333.78 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Dynamically Reconfigurable Hardware (DRHW) platforms present both flexibility and high performance. Hence, they can tackle the demanding requirements of current dynamic multimedia applications, especially for embedded systems where it is not affordable to include specific HW support for all the applications. However, DRHW reconfiguration latency represents a major drawback that can make the use of DRHW resources inefficient for highly dynamic applications. To alleviate this problem, we have deve ...

**Keywords:** dynamic reconfigurable hardware, run-time scheduling

#### 5 Hotspot Prevention Through Runtime Reconfiguration in Network-On-Chip

G. M. Link, N. Vijaykrishnan

March 2005 **Proceedings of the conference on Design, Automation and Test in Europe - Volume 1**


Full text available:  [pdf\(87.46 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#)

Many existing thermal management techniques focus on reducing the overall power consumption of the chip, and do not address location-specific temperature problems referred to as hotspots. We propose the use of dynamic runtime reconfiguration to shift the hotspot-inducing computation periodically and make the thermal profile more uniform. Our analysis shows that dynamic reconfiguration is an effective technique in reducing hotspots for NoCs.

#### 6 The impact of I/O on program behavior and parallel scheduling

Emilia Rosti, Giuseppe Serazzi, Evgenia Smirni, Mark S. Squillante

June 1998 **ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review , Proceedings of the 1998 ACM SIGMETRICS joint international conference on Measurement and modeling of computer systems**, Volume 26 Issue 1

Full text available:  [pdf\(1.40 MB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

In this paper we systematically examine various performance issues involved in the coordinated allocation of processor and disk resources in large-scale parallel computer systems. Models are formulated to investigate the I/O and computation behavior of parallel programs and workloads, and to analyze parallel scheduling policies under such workloads. These models are parameterized by measurements of parallel programs, and they are solved via analytic methods and simulation. Our results provide im ...

Interaction cost and shotgun profiling

Brian A. Fields, Rastislav Bodik, Mark D. Hill, Chris J. Newburn

September 2004 **ACM Transactions on Architecture and Code Optimization (TACO)**,

Volume 1 Issue 3

Full text available:  pdf(647.17 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

We observe that the challenges software optimizers and microarchitects face every day boil down to a single problem: bottleneck analysis. A bottleneck is any event or resource that contributes to execution time, such as a critical cache miss or window stall. Tasks such as tuning processors for energy efficiency and finding the right loads to prefetch all require measuring the performance costs of bottlenecks. In the past, simple event counts were enough to find the important bottlenecks. Today, t ...


**Keywords:** Performance analysis, critical path, modeling, profiling

8 Manageability, availability and performance in Porcupine: a highly scalable, cluster-based mail service

Yasushi Saito, Brian N. Bershad, Henry M. Levy

December 1999 **ACM SIGOPS Operating Systems Review , Proceedings of the seventeenth ACM symposium on Operating systems principles**, Volume 33

Issue 5

Full text available:  pdf(1.62 MB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)


This paper describes the motivation, design, and performance of Porcupine, a scalable mail server. The goal of Porcupine is to provide a highly available and scalable electronic mail service using a large cluster of commodity PCs. We designed Porcupine to be easy to manage by emphasizing dynamic load balancing, automatic configuration, and graceful degradation in the presence of failures. Key to the system's manageability, availability, and performance is that sessions, data, and underlying serv ...

9 System-level power optimization: techniques and tools

Luca Benini, Giovanni de Micheli

April 2000 **ACM Transactions on Design Automation of Electronic Systems (TODAES)**,


Volume 5 Issue 2

Full text available:  pdf(385.22 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

This tutorial surveys design methods for energy-efficient system-level design. We consider electronic systems consisting of a hardware platform and software layers. We consider the three major constituents of hardware that consume energy, namely computation, communication, and storage units, and we review methods of reducing their energy consumption. We also study models for analyzing the energy cost of software, and methods for energy-efficient software design and compilation. This survey ...

10 Disco: running commodity operating systems on scalable multiprocessors

Edouard Bugnion, Scott Devine, Kinshuk Govil, Mendel Rosenblum

November 1997 **ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS)**, Volume 15 Issue 4Full text available:  pdf(400.76 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

In this article we examine the problem of extending modern operating systems to run efficiently on large-scale shared-memory multiprocessors without a large implementation effort. Our approach brings back an idea popular in the 1970s: virtual machine monitors. We use virtual machines to run multiple commodity operating systems on a scalable multiprocessor. This solution addresses many of the challenges facing the system software for these machines. We demonstrate our approach with a prototy ...

**Keywords:** scalable multiprocessors, virtual machines

- 11 Advances in software and hardware synthesis techniques for DSP applications: Efficient mapping of hierarchical trees on coarse-grain reconfigurable architectures  
F. Rivera, M. Sanchez-Elez, M. Fernandez, R. Hermida, N. Bagherzadeh  
September 2004 **Proceedings of the 2nd IEEE/ACM/IFIP international conference on Hardware/software codesign and system synthesis**

Full text available:  pdf(316.12 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Reconfigurable architectures have become increasingly important in recent years. In this paper we present an approach to the problem of executing 3D graphics interactive applications onto these architectures. The hierarchical trees are usually implemented to reduce the data processed, thereby diminishing the execution time. We have developed a mapping scheme that parallelizes the tree execution onto a SIMD reconfigurable architecture. This mapping scheme considerably reduces the time penalty cau ...


**Keywords:** SIMD, computer graphics, hierarchical trees, multimedia, reconfigurable architectures

- 12 Dynamic Voltage and Cache Reconfiguration for Low Power  
Andre C. Nacul, Tony Givargis  
February 2004 **Proceedings of the conference on Design, automation and test in Europe - Volume 2**

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [index terms](#)

In this work, we propose a combined Dynamic Voltage Scaling (DVS) and Dynamic Cache Reconfiguration (DCR) online algorithm that dynamically adapts the processor speed (i.e., voltage) and the cache subsystem to the workload requirements for the purposes of saving energy. The workload is considered to be a set of tasks with real-time deadlines. Our online algorithm is invoked as part of the OS scheduler, which performs standard earliest deadline first (EDF) task scheduling first. Then, our online ...

- 13 A Hybrid Prefetch Scheduling Heuristic to Minimize at Run-Time the Reconfiguration Overhead of Dynamically Reconfigurable Hardware  
Javier Resano, Daniel Mozos, Francky Catthoor  
March 2005 **Proceedings of the conference on Design, Automation and Test in Europe - Volume 1**

Full text available:  pdf(173.45 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#)

Due to the emergence of highly dynamic multimedia applications there is a need for flexible platforms and run-time scheduling support for embedded systems. Dynamic Reconfigurable Hardware (DRHW) is a promising candidate to provide this flexibility but, currently, not sufficient run-time scheduling support to deal with the run-time reconfigurations exists. Moreover, executing at run-time a complex scheduling heuristic to provide this support may generate an excessive run-time penalty. Hence, we h ...

- 14 An analytical model for buffer hit rate prediction  
Yongli Xi, Patrick Martin, Wendy Powley  
November 2001 **Proceedings of the 2001 conference of the Centre for Advanced Studies on Collaborative research**

Full text available:  pdf(100.79 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Of the many tuning parameters available in a database management system (DBMS), one of the most crucial to performance is the buffer pool size. Choosing an appropriate size,

however, can be a difficult task. In this paper we present an analytical modeling approach to predicting the buffer pool hit rate that can be used to simplify the process of buffer pool sizing. A Markov Chain model is used to estimate the hit rate for buffer pools in IBM's DB2 Universal Database. We present and experimental ...

### 15 An adaptive algorithm for low-power streaming multimedia processing

A. Acquaviva, L. Benini, B. Ricc 

March 2001 **Proceedings of the conference on Design, automation and test in Europe**


Full text available:  [pdf\(135.54 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)



### 16 Routing and MAC: Versatile low power media access for wireless sensor networks

Joseph Polastre, Jason Hill, David Culler

November 2004 **Proceedings of the 2nd international conference on Embedded networked sensor systems**

Full text available:  [pdf\(529.51 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)





We propose *B-MAC*, a carrier sense media access protocol for wireless sensor networks that provides a flexible interface to obtain ultra low power operation, effective collision avoidance, and high channel utilization. To achieve low power operation, *B-MAC* employs an adaptive preamble sampling scheme to reduce duty cycle and minimize idle listening. *B-MAC* supports on-the-fly reconfiguration and provides bidirectional interfaces for system services t ...

**Keywords:** communication interfaces, energy efficient operation, media access protocols, networking, reconfigurable protocols, wireless sensor networks

### 17 Managing multi-configuration hardware via dynamic working set analysis

Ashutosh S. Dhodapkar, James E. Smith

May 2002 **ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News**, Volume 30 Issue 2

Full text available:  [pdf\(1.16 MB\)](#)  Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)  
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Microprocessors are designed to provide good average performance over a variety of workloads. This can lead to inefficiencies both in power and performance for individual programs and during individual phases within the same program. Microarchitectures with multi-configuration units (e.g. caches, predictors, instruction windows) are able to adapt dynamically to program behavior and enable/disable resources as needed. A key element of existing configuration algorithms is adjusting to program phas ...

### 18 The impact of job arrival patterns on parallel scheduling

Mark S. Squillante, David D. Yao, Li Zhang

March 1999 **ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review**, Volume 26 Issue 4


Full text available:  [pdf\(794.58 KB\)](#) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)



In this paper we present an initial analysis of the job arrival patterns from a real parallel computing system and we develop a class of traffic models to characterize these arrival patterns. Our analysis of the job arrival data illustrates traffic patterns that exhibit heavy-tail behavior and other characteristics which are quite different from the arrival processes used in previous studies of parallel scheduling. We then investigate the impact of these arrival traffic patterns on the performan ...

**Configuring buffer pools in DB2 UDB**

Xiaoyi Xu, Patrick Martin, Wendy Powley

September 2002 **Proceedings of the 2002 conference of the Centre for Advanced Studies on Collaborative research**Full text available:  pdf(96.74 KB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Database Management Systems (DBMSs) use a main memory area as a buffer to reduce the number of disk accesses performed by a transaction. DB2 Universal Database divides the buffer area into a number of independent buffer pools and each database object (table or index) is assigned to a specific buffer pool. The tasks of configuring the buffer pools, which defines the mapping of database objects to buffer pools and setting a size for each of the buffer pools, is crucial for achieving optimal perfor ...

**20 FAB: building distributed enterprise disk arrays from commodity components**

Yasushi Saito, Svend Frølund, Alistair Veitch, Arif Merchant, Susan Spence

October 2004 **Proceedings of the 11th international conference on Architectural support for programming languages and operating systems**, Volume 32 , 38 , 39 Issue 5 , 5 , 11Full text available:  pdf(671.67 KB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

This paper describes the design, implementation, and evaluation of a Federated Array of Bricks (FAB), a distributed disk array that provides the reliability of traditional enterprise arrays with lower cost and better scalability. FAB is built from a collection of *bricks*, small storage appliances containing commodity disks, CPU, NVRAM, and network interface cards. FAB deploys a new majority-voting-based algorithm to replicate or erasure-code logical blocks across bricks and a reconfigurati ...

**Keywords:** consensus, disk array, erasure coding, replication, storage, voting

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L11	0	((dynamic near2 (reconfigurat\$3 re-configurat\$3)) same (work near3 load\$1)) and partition\$3	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/05/03 14:58
L12	10	((dynamic near2 (reconfigurat\$3 re-configurat\$3)) and (work near3 load\$1)) and partition\$3	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/05/03 14:58
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S57	6	(dynamic near2 (reconfigurat\$3 re-configurat\$3)) and multiprocessor\$1 and (load near3 balanc\$3) and partition\$3 and (adjust\$3)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/05/02 16:42
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S59	5	(dynamic near (reconfigurat\$3 re-configurat\$3)).ab. and (load near3 balanc\$3) and partition\$3	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/05/03 09:44
S60	8	(dynamic near2 (reconfigurat\$3 re-configurat\$3)).ab. and multiprocessor\$1 and partition\$3	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/05/03 09:48
S61	8	(dynamic near2 (reconfigurat\$3 re-configurat\$3)).ab. and multiprocessor\$1 and partition\$3 and (dynamic near2 (reconfigurat\$3 re-configurat\$3))	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/05/03 13:36